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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

1965

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MIDHURST RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

RURAL DISTRICT OF MIDHURST

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health

for the Year 1965

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THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE 1965 - 1966.

Chairman: Mr. R. G. Cole

Vice-Chairman: Lord Ponsonby

Rear-Admiral W. Evershed,
D.S.O., J.P. Miss A. L. Lascelles.

Mr. R. S. Hancock. Mr. G. S. Mercer.

Lt. Col. E. G. Hollist. Mr. A. W. Mitchell.

The Hon. Mrs. M. L. Hope, J.P. Brig. E. G. B. Proctor.

Mr. E. J. Lambourne. Miss A. B. Robinson.

One other Committee - the Housing Committee - is responsible for the Public Health Service indicated by its title.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health : V. P. Geoghegan, M.D., Ch.B.,
M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Senior Public Health Inspector : T. G. Henry, M.R.S.H.,
M.A.P.H.I., C.S.I.B.

Deputy Public Health Inspector : J. Saunders, A.R.S.H.,
M.A.P.H.I., C.S.I.B.

Clerical Staff : Miss B. L. Beagley.

Miss D. Nicholas.
(Resigned July 1965)

Miss J. Luff.
(Commenced July 1965)

Rodent Operators : W. H. Sayers.

A. G. Russell.

Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
MIDHURST.

Telephone:
Midhurst 671

September, 1966.

To: The Chairman and Members
of the Midhurst Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you the Annual Report on the health of the Midhurst Rural District and the work of the Public Health Department during the Year 1965.

I would like to express my thanks to the Chairman and Members of The Council for their support, and to Mr. T. G. Henry and all members of the Staff for their work during the year.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

V. P. GEOGHEGAN

Medical Officer of Health.

INTRODUCTION

Food Poisoning is still one of the most pressing day to day problems in Public Health, but reliable figures for the incidence of this disease are difficult to compile because there are many minor cases which clear up without medical attention and are thus unrecorded.

The Midhurst District has been strikingly free of notified cases recently - only 8 were notified during the ten years 1955 to 1964 - but in 1965 a single outbreak resulted in 59 cases and probably others which were not recorded. The outbreak is reported in some detail in Section VI of this report, but two points made clear by this incident deserve emphasis.

Firstly, that whatever individuals may feel about the supposed advantages of drinking raw - unpasteurised - milk, there is a risk of bacterial contamination and anyone who chooses to buy raw milk must realise this fact.

Secondly, the giving of unpasteurised milk to young children cannot be justified, however strongly parents may believe that some special benefit will be derived from it.

Over the last ten years, as shown on Page 10, the crude birth rate has remained fairly steady at about 13.00 per 1,000 population (the national rate is 17.2,) and the crude death rate at about 16.5 per 1,000 (national rate 11.5). These are figures to be expected in a population that has more than the national percentage of older people in its composition. (The 1961 census showed that the population of England and Wales had 11.9% of people over 65 years of age, Midhurst had 16%. By 1965, these figures have probably increased to something like 12.5% and 18% respectively.

Section I

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The District is an agricultural and residential one occupying the North-Western corner of West Sussex. The Counties of Hampshire and Surrey lie to the West and North respectively, Chichester Rural District to the South, and Petworth to the East.

Apart from agriculture, there are other minor industries providing employment, and holiday traffic brings a considerable amount of trade to hotels and cafes.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area in Acres	..	..	..	..	67,035
Number of Parishes	..	..	..	..	25
Registrar-General's Estimate of Population:					
	1964 mid-year				18,070
	1965 mid-year				18,200
Number of Dwellings	..	..	..	..	6,300
Rateable Value (March 1966)		..	..	..	£696,597
Sum represented by a Penny Rate (March 1966)				..	£ 2,724

VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births

MIDHURST RURAL DISTRICT							Birth Rate per 1,000 Population			
Total number (after adjustment for transfers)					Birth Rate per 1,000 population		West Sussex Districts		England and Wales	
Year	Total	Sex		Illegitimate	Crude	Corr.	Rural	Urban		
		M	F	Number	%					
1964	250	121	129	12	4.8	13.83	15.48	15.0	15.1	18.4
1965	252	116	136	5	1.98	13.84	15.50	18.1	16.6	17.2

Stillbirths

MIDHURST RURAL DISTRICT				Rate per 1000 total (live & still) Births	
Total number (after adjustment for transfers)				Midhurst R.D.	England and Wales
Year	Total	Sex			
		M	F		
1964	3	-	3	11.85	16.3
1965	3	1	2	11.76	15.7

Vital Statistics (Contd.)

Total (live and still) Births

<u>1965</u>		<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Live births	..	116	136	252
Still births	..	1	2	3
		<u>117</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>255</u>

Infant Mortality - Deaths of Infants under 1 Year

INFANT DEATHS				RATES PER 1000 LIVE BIRTHS			
MIDHURST RURAL DISTRICT				Midhurst R.D.	West Sussex	England and Wales	
Year	Total	Sex	Illegitimate	R.D.'s	U.D.'s		
		M	F				
1964	6	5	1	24.00	19.6	14.4	19.9
1965	7	2	5	27.7	14.4	11.2	19.0

Infant Mortality Rates - Midhurst Rural District						
Year	Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births			Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births		
1964	21.0			83.33		
1965	28.34			-		

	Neo-natal Mortality (Deaths under 4 weeks)		Early Neo-Natal Mortality (Deaths under 1 week)		Perinatal Mortality (Stillbirths and Deaths under 1 week combined)	
	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964
Total Deaths	3	6	2	5	5	8
Mortality Rate per 1000 total live births	11.9	24.0	7.93	20.0		
Mortality Rate per 1000 total live and still births					19.60	31.62

Vital Statistics (Contd.)

Maternal Deaths (including Abortion)

Midhurst R.D.		Maternal Mortality Rate per 1000 total births			
Year	Total Deaths	Midhurst R.D.	West Sussex		England and Wales
			R.D's.	U.D's.	
1964	Nil	-	0.4	0.5	0.5
1965	Nil	-	-	0.3	0.25

Deaths

MIDHURST RURAL DISTRICT				WEST SUSSEX DISTRICTS		ENGLAND AND WALES		
Total Deaths (after adjustment for transfers)			Death Rates per 1000 population	Death Rate per 1000 population		Death Rate per 1000 population		
Year	Total	Sex		Crude	Corr.	Rural	Urban	
		M	F					
1964	306	139	167	16.93	11.00	13.3	13.9	11.3
1965	307	160	147	16.86	10.11	9.2	10.0	11.5

When dealing with a small population such as that of this District, a certain random fluctuation from year to year in birth and death rates is to be expected. This is illustrated by the figures for the last ten years shown on Page 10.

Of the total deaths recorded during 1965, 241 or 78% occurred in persons aged 65 years or over; and 176 or 57% in persons aged 75 years or over.

The chief causes of death in order of frequency were:-

	<u>1965</u>	<u>1964</u>
(i) Diseases of heart & circulatory system	130 (42%)	104 (34%)
(ii) Vascular lesions of nervous system	58 (19%)	57 (19%)
(iii) Neoplasms (growths)	50 (17%)	51 (16%)
(iv) Respiratory Diseases (excluding Pulmonary Tuberculosis)	33 (10%)	45 (15%)

These four causes accounted for 271 or 88% of the total deaths.

A table at the end of this Section shows the age, sex distribution and causes of death in 1965.

Vital Statistics (Contd.)

During the year deaths exceeded births by 55, and the Registrar-General's estimate of population at mid 1965 showed an increase of 130 over the 1964 estimate.

Death Rates per 1,000 population from:

			<u>1965</u>	<u>1964</u>
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	..	..	0.05	0.05
Tuberculosis (Other Forms)		..	Nil	Nil
Respiratory Diseases (excluding Pulmonary Tuberculosis)		..	1.81	2.49
Cancer	..	..	2.74	2.82

Number of Deaths from:

Principal Zymotic Diseases (Smallpox, Enteric Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever, Whooping Cough & Diphtheria)	Nil	Nil
Death Rate per 1,000 population	-	-
Diarrhoea and Enteritis (children under 2 years)	Nil	Nil
Death Rate per 1,000 live births	-	-

Table of causes of Death at different periods of Life - 1965.

P. %	Causes of Death	Sex	All Ages	Weeks	Years								75- 92	
					0- 160	4- 147	1- 1	5- 4	15- -	25- -	35- -	45- -	55- -	
All CAUSES	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F	M F
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	M F	M F	M F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	M F	M F	M F	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Ditto lung, bronchus	M F	M F	M F	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Ditto breast	M F	M F	M F	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Ditto uterus	M F	M F	M F	16	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	M F	M F	M F	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Diabetes	M F	M F	M F	1	27	31	21	1	1	3	2	5	20
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	M F	M F	M F	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	22
18	Coronary disease, angina	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24
19	Hypertension with heart disease	M F	M F	M F	3	14	24	8	1	1	1	1	1	19
20	Other heart disease	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13
21	Other circulatory disease	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
22	Influenza	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	Pneumonia	M F	M F	M F	8	15	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
24	Bronchitis	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	Ulcer of the stomach and duodenum	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	Congenital malformations	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	M F	M F	M F	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
33	Motor Vehicle accidents	M F	M F	M F	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	All other accidents	M F	M F	M F	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	2
35	Suicide	M F	M F	M F	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

No deaths were recorded as due to : (2) Tuberculosis, Other; (3) Syphilitic Disease; (4) Diphtheria; (5) Whooping Cough; (6) Meningococcal Infections; (7) Acute Poliomyelitis; (8) Measles; (9) Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases; (27) Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea; (28) Nephritis and Nephrosis; (30) Pregnancy, etc; (36) Homicide and operations of war.

Table showing Vital Statistics for the Years 1956 - 1965.

Year	Estimated Population	Total Live Births			Birth Rate			Total Deaths			Death Rate			Infant Deaths			Infant Death Rate	Natural increase population		
					Crude	Comp. Factor	Corr.				Crude	Comp. Factor	Corr.							
		M	F	Total				M	F	Total				M	F	Total				
1956	16,980	114	106	220	12.95	1.09	14.11	149	184	283	16.66	0.58	9.66	-	5	5	22.72	-63		
1957	16,990	100	111	211	12.41	1.08	13.40	122	114	236	13.89	0.66	9.16	1	1	2	9.47	-25		
1958	16,940	102	115	217	12.80	1.08	13.82	137	124	261	15.40	0.60	9.24	1	2	3	13.82	-44		
1959	17,010	130	119	249	14.63	1.08	15.80	151	101	252	14.81	0.59	8.73	-	-	-	-	-3		
1960	17,150	107	122	229	13.35	1.08	14.41	128	158	286	16.67	0.63	10.50	4	1	5	21.83	-57		
1961	17,520	122	105	227	12.95	1.08	13.98	119	130	249	14.21	0.64	9.09	3	2	5	21.55	-22		
1962	17,890	113	116	229	12.80	1.08	13.82	132	168	300	16.77	0.56	9.39	-	-	-	-	-71		
1963	17,890	153	112	265	14.81	1.12	16.58	163	190	353	19.73	0.65	12.82	4	1	5	18.86	-88		
1964	18,070	121	129	250	13.83	1.12	15.48	139	167	306	16.93	0.65	11.00	5	1	6	24.00	-56		
1965	18,200	116	136	252	13.84	1.12	15.50	160	147	307	16.86	0.60	10.11	2	5	7	27.7	-55		

Section II.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Hospitals

The hospitals providing accommodation and treatment in the District are as follows:-

King Edward VII Hospital, Easebourne.
Royal West Sussex Hospital, ISOLATION, Spitalfield Lane, Chichester.
Royal West Sussex Hospital, ST. RICHARDS, Spitalfield Lane, Chichester.
Royal West Sussex Hospital, BROYLE ROAD, Chichester.
Midhurst Cottage Hospital.
Petworth Cottage Hospital.
Haslemere Hospital.
Petersfield Hospital.
Horsham General Hospital.
Worthing Hospital.
Southlands Hospital, Shoreham-by-Sea.
Sussex Maternity & Women's Hospital, Brighton.
Zachary Merton Maternity Home, Rustington.
Aldingbourne Chest Hospital.

Except for the King Edward VII Hospital, all the above are administered by the South West Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board.

Laboratory Service

Examinations carried out for this Authority by the Public Health Laboratory, Portsmouth, during 1965 were as follows:-

<u>Nature of Specimen</u>		<u>Number Examined</u>
(a) Milk (Pathological)	..	123
(b) Milk (Biological)	..	6
(c) Water	..	125
		<hr/>
	TOTAL:-	254
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Ambulances

The Local Health Authorities (the West Sussex County Council and the Surrey County Council) provide an ambulance service, including the hospital car service, and ambulances operate from Midhurst and Haslemere.

General Provision of Health Services (Contd.)

Home Nursing and Midwifery.

General District Nurses, Midwives, Health Visitors and School Nurses, are employed by the West Sussex County Council to serve in the Rural District.

Treatment Centres and Clinics.

Infant Welfare Centres	-	held at Camelsdale, Midhurst, and Petworth.
Infant Weighing Centres	-	held at Fernhurst, Graffham, Lodsworth, Harting, Milland, Northchapel, and Rogate.
Orthopaedic Clinic	-	held at Chichester.
Eye Clinic	-	held at Chichester.
Speech Therapy Clinic	-	held at Chichester, Midhurst, and in schools.
Chest Clinic	-	held at Aldingbourne Chest Hospital.
General Diseases Clinics	-	held at St. Mary's Hospital, Portsmouth; The Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford; and Royal West Sussex Hospital, St. Richard's Chichester.
Dental Clinic	-	Mobile Dental Unit operates in the area.
Audiology Clinic	-	held at Chichester.

Nursing Homes.

Five Nursing Homes in the District are registered by the West Sussex County Council under Section 187 of the Public Health Act, 1936, providing a total accommodation for 159 patients, mostly for aged chronic cases.

National Assistance Act, 1948.

Section 47 - No action was necessary during the year.

Section 50 - No burials were carried out during the year.

Section III

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

The North West Sussex Water Board supplies the southern half of the district and the Wey Valley Water Company the northern part. These two Water Undertakers provide main water to all parishes in the district, 5,648 properties having a supply within the dwellings with very few exceptions.

Private Estates supply water to 598 houses.

Details of the supplies in each of the Parishes as at 31st December, 1965, are given in the table at the end of this section.

NORTH WEST SUSSEX WATER BOARD UNDERTAKERS.

Rotherfield Bore Supply, Easebourne - to the Parishes of Bepton, Easebourne, Midhurst, Stedham, West Lavington and Woolbeding.

During the year 230 yards of 4" asbestos cement main was laid to the building site at Royal Oak, West Lavington, 700 yards of 4" and 81 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Church Lane, West Lavington, 170 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Orchard Way, Park Crescent, Midhurst, and 110 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Elmleigh, Midhurst.

The number of houses supplied from this source is 1,555.

Slade Lane Bore Supply, Rogate - to the Parishes of Chithurst, Elsted, Harting, Iping, Linch, Rogate, Stedham, Treyford, Trotton and Woolbeding.

During the year 2,470 yards of P.V.C. main was laid at Goose Green/Nursted, Harting, 270 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Tipper Lane Housing Site, South Harting, 80 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Cross Dykes, East Harting, 155 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Church Farm Lane, South Harting, 50 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at North Lane, South Harting, 90 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Lavender Row and 154 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at Walled Garden, Stedham.

1,376 houses are supplied by this scheme.

Water Supply (Contd.)

Lodsworth Bore Supply, Lodsworth - to the Parishes of Bepton, Cocking, Easebourne, East Lavington, Graffham, Heyshott, Lodsworth, Lurgashall, North Ambersham, South Ambersham and Tillington.

This source supplies 1,013 houses.

All the above three sources of supply are inter-connected.

WEY VALLEY WATER COMPANY.

Water is supplied to the Parishes of Fernhurst, Harting, Iping, Linchmere, North Ambersham, Rogate and Trotton.

During the year 60 yards of 3" asbestos cement main was laid at Nappers Wood, Fernhurst, 107 yards of 4" and 56 yards of 3" asbestos cement main at West Close Estate, Fernhurst.

The total number of houses supplied is 1,666.

PRIVATE ESTATE WATER SUPPLIES.

There are still 598 houses supplied by Private Estates and most of these supplies are chlorinated.

Water Analyses.

A total of 125 samples of water were taken and submitted for examination and the following table gives details of the results obtained:-

Source	No. of Samples Taken	Examination			
		Bacteriological		Chemical	
		S	U	S	U
North West Sussex Water Board Mains	39	34	2	3	-
Wey Valley Water Company Mains	27	23	2	2	-
Private Estates Supplies	47	39	8	-	-
Individual Private Supplies	12	2	10	-	-
TOTAL:	125	98	22	5	-

Note: S = Satisfactory.

U = Unsatisfactory.

Drainage and Sewerage

State of Household Sanitation in the District:

Houses with water closets drained to sewers	-	3,533 (56%)
Houses with water closets drained to septic tanks and cesspools	-	2,485 (39.5%)
Houses with earth, pail or chemical closets	-	282 (4.5%)
		<hr/>
Total Dwellings	-	6,300
		<hr/>

Houses Drained to the Council's Sewers:

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Drainage Scheme</u>	<u>Houses Drained to sewer</u>	<u>Number of Houses in Parish</u>
Chithurst	Chorley Common	4)	
	Cartersland Corner	12)	83
Cocking	Cocking	119	177
Heyshott	Cocking	1)	
	Austens and Bakersfield	20)	127
Elsted	Hill View	14	67
Graffham	Woodcote	10 }	
	Guillod	23)	212
Easebourne	Midhurst, Easebourne and West Lavington	473	577
Midhurst	-ditto-	778	787
West Lavington	-ditto-	149	239
Woolbeding	-ditto-	2)	
	Claypit	4)	67
Fernhurst	Fernhurst Village	365)	
	Northern Fernhurst and Linchmere	223)	847
Linchmere	-ditto-	412	536
North Ambersham	-ditto-	17	66
Lodsworth	Berryfield	2)	
	Barnfield	6)	
	Beechfield	6)	210
Lurgashall	Lurgashall Village	68	225
Harting	Harting	251)	
	Knightsfield	4)	
	Nyewood	42)	461
Rogate	Knowles Meadow	18)	
	Rogate Village	214)	561
Trotton	Mill Lane	30	179
Stedham	Stedham and Iping	124	211
Iping	-ditto-	12	158
Tillington	Tillington	141	226
		<hr/>	
		3,544	6,016
		<hr/>	

Houses Drained to the Council's Sewers (Contd.)

Schemes were got out during the year for main drainage for North Bepton, the Cocking Causeway area of the Parishes of Cocking and West Lavington, and Selham Road and Church Lane in the Parish of West Lavington, all of which would be taken to the Midhurst sewage works, but at the time of writing this report the Minister would not approve the schemes until a new sewage disposal works was constructed for Midhurst (the existing works are already overloaded), the site for which would be at South Ambersham. Apart from the foregoing, main drainage schemes are still required for Lodsworth Village (this parish will probably be drained to the new sewage works for Midhurst at South Ambersham above referred to), Milland, Graffham, Heyshott, Hill Brow, Rake and Elsted.

Public Cleansing.

Refuse Collection

The refuse collection service provided by the Council is as follows:-

ONCE WEEKLY: Midhurst; Easebourne (Lutener Road, Easebourne Street - Post Office to School only, and Dodsley); West Lavington (Chichester Road - South Pond to Station only).

FORTNIGHTLY: Bepton; Chithurst; Cocking; Easebourne (except Lutener Road, Easebourne Street - Post Office to School, and Dodsley); East Lavington; Elsted; Fernhurst; Graffham; Harting; Heyshott; Iping; Linch; Linchmere; Lodsworth; Lurgashall; North Ambersham; Rogate; South Ambersham; Stedham; Tillington; Treyford; Trotton; West Lavington (except Chichester Road - South Pond to Station); Woolbeding.

All refuse is deposited on the tip at Pendean in the Parish of West Lavington.

Cesspool Emptying Service

This work is carried out by the Council's own vehicle and where required four free emptyings a year are given. The number of emptyings during the year was 1,130.

Swimming Baths and Pools.

There are no public swimming baths or pools in the area.

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

The Minister of Labour requires an annual statistical report to be submitted in accordance with Section 60 of the Act, and the following table gives the details submitted to the Minister:-

<u>Class of Premises</u>	<u>No. Registered during the year</u>	<u>Total No. of registered premises at end of year</u>	<u>No. of persons employed at end of year</u>
Offices	2	37	425
Retail Shops	1	89	301
Warehouses	-	1	8
Catering Establishments	-	13	104
Fuel Storage Depots	-	2	3
	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
	3	142	841
	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>

221 visits were made to offices and shops during the year and 115 informal notices were served, nearly all of which were complied with.

Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

Licences were granted under this Act in respect of seven sites. The sites were generally for individual caravans with the exception of one where the maximum number of caravans stationable was 150, during the summer months.

Eradication of Bed Bugs.

No action was necessary in this respect.

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

During the year 971 infestations were dealt with and some 6,286 rats and 1,140 mice were destroyed.

Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act, 1951.

There are no premises in the district at which rag flock is used or sold.

Pet Animals Act, 1951.

There are no premises in the district licensed under this Act.

Schools.

All the schools in the district have waterborne sanitation and 20 visits were made to school premises.

Factories Act, 1961 - Part I.

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspec- tions (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	21	13	3	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	52	14	2	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers premises)	-	-	-	-
TOTAL:	73	27	5	-

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found:

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases where prosecutions instituted (6)	
	Found (2)	Reme- died (3)	Referred			
			To H. M. Inspector (4)	By H. M. Inspector (5)		
Want of Cleanliness (S.1)	1	1	-	-	-	
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)						
(a) Insufficient	3	3	-	-	-	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	-	-	-	-	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL:	5	4	-	-	-	

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Outwork
(Sections 133 and 134)

One outworker was notified during the year in connection with the making of wearing apparel.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

Visits made:

Housing - first visits	..	..	..	615
Housing - revisits	..	..	..	944
Housing applications	..	..	..	141
Overcrowding	..	..	..	116
Drainage and sanitary conveniences	..	..	..	1,287
Water supplies	..	..	..	218
Privies, ditches and cesspools	..	..	..	318
Refuse and accumulations	..	..	..	87
Verminous premises	..	..	..	24
Rats and Mice destruction	..	..	..	5,272
Schools	..	..	..	20
Moveable dwellings	..	..	..	55
Factories Act	..	..	..	27
Mines and Quarries	..	..	..	39
Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act	..	..	..	221
Infectious diseases	..	..	..	16
Slaughterhouses, Butchers Shops and Other Food Prems.	..	..	..	433
Smoke Abatement Act	..	..	..	434
Dairies and Milk Distributors	..	..	..	119
Noise Abatement Act	..	..	..	7
Animal Boarding Establishments	..	..	..	4
Miscellaneous	..	..	..	45
TOTAL VISITS:-				10,012

Complaints received	..	..	..	89
Informal Notices served	..	..	..	255
Informal Notices complied with	..	..	..	262
Statutory Notices served under Section 93 of the Public Health Act, 1936	..	..	..	1
Statutory Notices complied with	..	..	..	1

Sanitary Inspection of the Area (Contd.)

Summary of Sanitary Work and Improvements
under Public Health and Housing Acts.

Baths provided	..	..	..	88
Ceilings repaired or renewed	..	..	..	35
Chimney stacks repaired or renewed	..	..	..	24
Cooking ranges repaired or renewed	..	..	..	26
Damp walls remedied	..	..	..	30
Doors repaired or renewed	..	..	..	23
Drainage systems cleared or repaired		..	..	67
Drainage systems provided	..	..	..	93
Firegrates repaired or renewed	..	..	..	36
Food stores provided or repaired	..	..	..	35
Foul accumulations removed	..	..	..	19
Floors repaired or renewed	..	..	..	51
Fuel stores provided or repaired	..	..	..	14
Gutters and downpipes provided or repaired	..	..	..	43
Hot and cold water systems provided	..	..	..	85
Houses cleansed and re-decorated	..	..	..	41
Plaster repaired or renewed	..	..	..	38
Refuse bins provided	..	..	..	13
Roofs repaired or renewed	..	..	..	46
Sinks provided	..	..	..	57
Stairs repaired or remedied	..	..	..	23
Verminous premises disinfested	..	..	..	11
Water supplies laid on into dwellings		..	..	13
Water closets provided or repaired	..	..	..	80
Windows enlarged, provided or repaired		..	..	34
Walls repaired	..	..	..	22
Wash-hand basins provided	..	..	..	88
Yard paving provided or repaired		..	..	16

Midhurst Rural District - Water Supplies, 1965.

Parish	Area (Acres)	Estim- ated Popul- ation	No. of houses in Parish	Houses with Piped water from		Houses with Wells, Springs or Rainwater Tanks
				Public Mains	Private Estates	
Bepton	1910	280	101	101	-	-
Chithurst	1200	220	83	72	9	2
Cooking	2596	490	177	176	1	-
Easebourne	4214	1750	577	381	196	-
East Lavington	1977	560	84	30	53	1
Elsted	1840	180	67	62	3	2
Fernhurst	4950	2410	847	809	35	3
Graffham	2137	530	212	129	81	2
Harting	7946	1200	461	414	40	7
Heyshott	2184	330	127	127	-	-
Iping	2235	430	158	146	10	2
Linch	850	80	27	13	14	-
Linchmere	2066	1520	536	529	7	-
Lodsworth	2441	560	210	206	3	1
Lurgashall	4815	620	225	167	45	13
Midhurst	669	2250	787	787	-	-
North Ambersham	1168	320	66	49	17	-
Rogate	5692	1680	561	552	4	5
South Ambersham	1502	90	32	11	20	1
Stedham	2493	660	211	178	33	-
Tillington	3816	600	226	219	4	3
Treyford	2098	100	40	36	-	4
Trotton	3707	510	179	164	11	4
West Lavington	678	640	239	236	3	-
Woolbeding	1851	190	67	54	9	4
TOTALS:	67035	18200	6300	5648	598	54
Percentage of Total Dwellings				89.6%	9.5%	.9%
				99.1%		

Estimated population deriving water from:

(a) Public Mains	..	..	..	16,310
(b) Private Estate Mains	..	..	..	1,734
(c) Other sources	..	..	..	156

Section IV.

HOUSING

At the close of 1965, the Council's list of housing applicants showed 349 outstanding cases as compared with 356 for 1964.

141 new houses were completed during the year (107 private and 34 Council houses).

Housing Act, 1957.

Action was taken under Section 16 of this Act which resulted in eleven Undertakings being accepted, and four Closing Orders and five Demolition Orders being made.

Improvement Grants.

Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958 - Discretionary Grants.

House Purchase and Housing Act, 1949 - Standard Grants.

Housing Act, 1964.

The amount of grant payable under the standard grant scheme remains at one half of the cost subject to a maximum of £155 in respect of the provision of water closet, bath, washhand basin, hot and cold water system to bath, basin and sink, and food store. This limit, however, can be increased to £350 under certain circumstances, namely, where septic tank drainage has to be installed, and where a bathroom cannot be provided otherwise than by adding to the existing structure or converting an outbuilding for this purpose. Also, where piped water is laid on into a dwelling for the first time. Under this scheme the dwelling in question must be reasonably fit after the above-mentioned amenities have been provided.

The discretionary grant scheme also continues to remain in force and in this case the dwellings have to be brought up to a definite standard. The maximum grant obtainable is £400 or half the cost whichever is the less. The giving of grant under this scheme is entirely at the discretion of the Council but in the case of refusal the Council must give its reasons. The standard grant is, of course, compulsory. The conditions governing all grants apply for three years.

During the year, applications for discretionary grants were received for the improvement of 23 dwellings. Of these, 21 were approved and two refused. The number of houses reconditioned during 1965 with the aid of this grant was 45, and since the Act came into force the number of houses completed is 555.

Improvement Grants (Contd.)

Applications for standard grant were received during the year in respect of 31 dwellings, and improvements have been carried out with the aid of this grant at 35 dwellings. Since the Act came into force the total number of houses completed is 121.

Rent Act, 1957.

No Certificates of Disrepair were issued during the year under the provisions of this Act.

Houses Erected by Private Enterprise.

The 107 houses built privately during 1965 are situated in the following parishes:-

Bepton	1	Linchmere	5
Cocking	4	Lodsworth	4
Easebourne	6	Lurgashall	3
Elsted	2	Midhurst	16
Fernhurst	24	North Ambersham	1
Graffham	6	Rogate	5
Harting	6	Stedham	4
Heyshott	1	Treyford	2
Iping	4	Trotton	1
Linch	2	West Lavington	10

Housing Statistics.

1. Inspection of Dwelling-Houses during the Year.

(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	...	...	...	615
Number of inspections made for the purpose				1,559
(2) Number of dwelling-houses found not to be in all respects fit for habitation			...	193

2. Remedyng of Defects without Service of Formal Notice.

Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied in consequence of informal action taken by the Local Authority	212
---	-----	-----	-----	-----

Housing Statistics (Contd.)

3. Action under Statutory Powers.

(a) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	...	...	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice:			
(a) by owners	...	...	1
(b) by Local Authority in default of owners		Nil	

(b) Proceedings under Section 16 and 17 of the Housing Act, 1957:

(1) Number of houses in respect of which demolition orders were made	...	...	5
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of demolition orders	...		4
(3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Undertakings have been given that works will be carried out to render the houses fit for human habitation	...		Nil
(4) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Undertakings have been given that they will not be used for human habitation until made fit	...	...	11
(5) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made	...		4

4. Housing Act, 1957 - Part IV - Overcrowding.

(a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	...	...	1
(ii) Number of families dwelling therein			2
(iii) Number of persons dwelling therein			9
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding during 1965			2
(c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during 1965	...	...	3
(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases			22
(d) Dwelling-houses again becoming overcrowded		Nil	

Houses Erected by the Local Authority.

Parish and Address		Pre-War	1947-1964	1965	Former Hs.Soc.	Grand Total
CHITHURST	- Chorley Common Cottages Cartersland Corner	4 -	- 12	-	-	16
COCKING	- Malthouse Cottages The Croft Pitsham Depot	8 - -	- 43 -	-	-	
EASEBOURNE	- Canada Cottages Cowdray Road Fox Road Montague Road Egmont Road Egmont House, Egmont Road (Old People's Home of 24 flatlets & Warden's flat)	12 - - - - -	- 34 20 32 12	- - - - -	- - - - 6	55
ELSTED	- Hill View Cottages	4	8	-	-	117
FERNHURST	- Dale Copse Cottages Old Glebe Cottages Nappers Wood Camelsdale House	6 - - -	- 40 110 8	- - - -	- - - -	12
GRAFFHAM	- Woodcote Cottages Guillod Cottages	5 -	2 22	-	-	164
HARTING	- Loppers Ash Cottages Knightsfield Cottages Wellfield Cottages Culvers, South Harting Furze Meadow, Nyewood	4 4 8 -	- - - 62 12	- - - -	- - - -	29
HEYSHOTT	- Austens Cottages Leggatts Flats Bakersfield Cottages	4 - 4	4 4 -	-	-	90
IPING	- Crossways Cottages	4	-	-	-	16
LINCHMERE	- The Spinney (Hammer Lane) Hammer Hill Cottages	4 -	- 6	-	-	4
LODSWORTH	- Berryfield Cottages Barnfield Cottages Beechfield Cottages	2 4 -	- - 6	-	-	88
LURGASHALL	- Greengate Cottages	4	16	30	-	12
MIDHURST	- Barnplat Cottages June Meadow Nine Acres June Rise Sandrock Cottages	12 - - - -	- 12 22 -	- - - 8	- - - - -	50
	Totals c/fwd.	89	594	34	14	731

Parish and Address		Pre-War	1947-1964	1965	Former Hs.Soc.	Grand Total
ROGATE	Total b/fwd.	89	594	34	14	731
	- Paddock Cottages	4	-	-	-	
	Parsonage Cottages	-	76	-	-	
	Knowles Meadow	-	18	-	-	
STEDHAM	Terwick Rise	-	18	-	-	116
	- Common View Cottages	-	10	-	-	10
TILLINGTON	- Willetts Field Cottages	4	-	-	-	
	The Harrows	-	28	-	-	32
TROTTON	- Mill Lane Cottages	12	18	-	-	30
	WEST					
LAVINGTON	- Taylors Field Cottages	-	88	-	-	
	Taylors Rise	-	-	-	8	
	New Road	-	24	-	-	120
WOOLBEDING	- Claypit Cottages	4	-	-	-	4
TOTALS:		113	874	34	22	1043

Houses Purchased by the Local Authority:

1 Austens Cottages, (formerly C.278) Heyshott.
 Foundry Cottages, Heyshott.
 St. Richard's Flats, June Lane, Midhurst.
 2, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Railway Terrace, Midhurst
 Sandrock Flats, Petersfield Road, Midhurst

1
 8
 8
 5
 3

1068

Section V.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply.

Number of:

Inspections of dairies and milk premises	...	119
Producer Distributors with farms in the District	...	4
Retail dairies (not producing milk) in the District	...	3
Milk Distributors with dairies outside the District	...	6

Seventy-two samples of milk taken from distributors during the year were submitted for examination for cleanliness by the Methylene Blue Test, and of these, seventy were reported upon as satisfactory.

Fifty-one samples of Pasteurised Milk were taken and submitted to the Phosphatase Test, all of which were satisfactory.

Three samples of milk taken from farms whose milk is retailed in the District were submitted for biological examination and reported upon as free from Tubercl Bacilli. Three samples of milk were also tested for Brucella Abortus, all of which were negative.

Meat and Other Foods.

Most of the meat consumed in the District is slaughtered elsewhere, supplies being delivered mainly from Chichester, Petersfield, Haslemere and London.

The following is a summary of butchers' shops etc. in the District together with details of inspection of these premises carried out during the year:-

Number of:

Butchers' shops	...	...	...	8
Premises registered under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, for the preparation and manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale for human consumption	...	...	...	10
Visits made to such premises	...	...	...	158

Meat and Other Foods (Contd.)

Premises registered for the sale of ice cream	73
Visits made to such premises	31

There are no manufacturers of ice cream in the district.

Six samples of ice cream were taken from dealers and submitted for examination for cleanliness by the Methylene Blue Test. All were satisfactory.

Bakehouses

There are six bakehouses in use in the District and during the year 6 inspections were made.

Other Food Premises

Details of other food premises in the District, together with inspections made during the year, are set out hereunder:-

Cafes, Restaurants, Private Hotels and Guest Houses	...	...	...	21
Visits made to such premises	...	...	76	
Grocers and General Stores	...	...		40
Fishmongers and Poultry Shops	...	...		3
Greengrocery Shops	...	...		7
Sweet Shops	...	...		10
Visits made to such premises	...	...	167	

Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960.

All food premises in the District are inspected from time to time and every opportunity is taken to impress on all concerned the need for cleanliness of persons, premises and utensils.

Forty-eight informal notices were served during the year and most of these were complied with.

Details of food premises which are subject to Regulations 16 and 19 of the above Regulations are as follows:-

Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960. (Contd.)

	<u>No. of Premises</u>	<u>Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 16.</u>	<u>Premises to which Reg. 19 applies</u>	<u>Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 19.</u>
Butchers	...	8	8	8
Ice Cream Dealers	...	73	72	73
Bakehouses	...	6	6	6
Grocers and General Stores	40	40	40	40
Fishmongers	...	3	3	3
Greengrocers	...	7	7	7
Confectioners	...	10	10	10
Hotels, Guest Houses, Restaurants, Cafes and Canteens	...	40	39	40
Licensed Premises	...	47	46	47

Meat and Other Foods Condemned at Food Shops.

Frozen Australian Rabbits	...	...	30 lbs.
Leg of Pork	...	...	14 lbs.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

Slaughter of Animals (Amendment) Act, 1954.

One slaughterman is licensed under the provisions of this Act.

Section VI.

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF DISEASES.

Details of notifications of infectious diseases received during 1965 are set out on Page 36.

Cancer.

Deaths attributed to Cancer during the year numbered 50 (26 males, 24 females) - 51 deaths in 1964. The Cancer Death Rate is 2.74 per 1,000 of the estimated home population - 2.82 in 1964. The corresponding rate for the Administrative County is 3.0.

Localisation of the Disease.

			<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Brain	...	...	2	1	3
Alimentary Tract and Digestive System					
Mouth	...	...	1	-	1
Larynx	...	...	-	-	-
Thyroid	...	...	-	-	-
Oesophagus	...	...	-	-	-
Stomach	...	...	1	2	3
Caecum	...	...	-	-	-
Colon	...	...	2	1	3
Rectum	...	...	1	1	2
Liver	...	...	2	2	4
Pancreas	...	...	5	-	5
Respiratory System:					
Lung, bronchus	...		8	2	10
Urinary Organs:					
Bladder	...	...	1	1	2
Kidney	...	...	-	-	-
Male Genital Organs:					
Prostate	...	...	-	-	-
Female Genital Organs:					
Ovary	...	...	-	-	-
Uterus	...	...	-	7	7
Breast	...	...	-	3	3
Leukaemia	...	...	1	1	2
Other sites	...	...	2	3	5
Lymphosarcoma	...	...	-	-	-
TOTALS :-			26	24	50

Diphtheria.

(a) Notifications. No cases of Diphtheria were notified during 1965, nor were any deaths registered as due to this cause.

(b) Immunisation. Immunisation against Diphtheria is carried out either at the Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics or by the General Practitioners and set out herewith are details of injections of all types recorded by the County Health Department and given during 1965:-

Antigen	Primary Courses	Reinforcing Injections
Diphtheria	264	613
Whooping Cough	235	208
Tetanus	264	613
Poliomyelitis	261	252

Food Poisoning.

Salmonella Typhimurium.

During March a number of calves had died on a farm in the Rural District. These were part of a consignment which had been bought in from Essex for intensive rearing in a new unit, separate from, but adjoining the milking parlour from which farm bottled unpasteurised milk was distributed locally. The organism Salmonella Typhimurium was identified post mortem by the Veterinary Investigation Service in one of the calves.

Four days after this had been notified two cases of Gastro-enteritis in children were diagnosed due to the same organism, and it was found that the family's milk supply came from the farm concerned.

Cultures of the milk at this time proved negative, but when on April 1st. it became known that the organisms from the calves and from the children were both of the same identifiable Phage Type 29, the farmer agreed to have all milk pasteurised although the milk had not then been directly incriminated. It seemed likely, however, that the milk had become contaminated and that the dairy herd if not already infected was likely to become so. Further daily samples failed to reveal the organism in the milk, but five further human cases of gastro-enteritis occurred (four taking the suspected milk and one a direct contact of the original cases). On April 14th. pasteurisation ceased and no direct evidence of its contamination

Food Poisoning (Contd.)

had been found, but two weeks later further human cases were reported and the infection was found in the dairy herd. An order was then issued under the Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959, compelling pasteurisation of all milk: the incidence of the disease among the public was immediately reduced and only four further cases occurred.

Although the infection had now been proved to be in the dairy herd, a further ten days passed before the organism was cultured from the milk. The milk continued to give positive cultures for several months and pasteurisation had to be continued until November. In all, 59 cases were known to have occurred during this outbreak although only 44 cases were officially notified. In 28 of them *Salmonella Typhimurium* was cultured and in four of these cultures sent for typing, Phage Type 29 was identified.

Salmonellosis in cattle is not covered by the Diseases of Animals Acts so that the Medical Officer of Health is not necessarily informed when the disease is detected in farm animals. Fortunately in this area there is excellent liaison with the Divisional Veterinary Officer and with the Veterinary Investigation Service of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Consequently, the infection and the identity of the organism causing it on the farm had already been reported and when human cases began to occur the source of the human infection was suspected at once.

Apart from the particular risk of Salmonellosis being spread by the sale of raw milk from an infected herd, the contamination of meat in the course of handling of carcases in the slaughterhouse constitutes a danger which has not received enough attention in the past.

Butchers meat is not bacteriologically sterile when offered for sale, but conventional cooking methods effectively sterilise it before it is consumed. Consequently outbreaks of food poisoning are very rarely attributed to fresh meat after it has been once cooked and been eaten hot (the role of twice cooked meat, and of meat stored after cooking, in the causation of food poisoning is of course another matter altogether).

Fresh meat can, however, during manipulation and dressing by the butcher, contaminate with "slaughter-house organisms", the butchers' hands, his knives, and working surfaces, and thence be passed on to cooked meats or preparations which are normally consumed without effective cooking after purchase.

Some such train of events was almost certainly responsible for

Food Poisoning (Contd.)

the occurrence of 19 cases of food poisoning scattered in small groups over a wide area near the South Coast from Gosport to Bognor Regis in October and November. *Salmonella Typhimurium* Type 15 was isolated from all of them and in every instance a connection direct or indirect could be traced to one slaughterhouse. Cattle from a farm where this same infection was known to have occurred had been slaughtered at the slaughterhouse and were evidently responsible for the spread of the infection.

Measles.

309 notifications of Measles were received during 1965 (62 in 1964).

Pneumonia.

2 cases of Pneumonia were notified (1 in 1964).

Notifications of this disease bear little relationship to its incidence however. There were 23 deaths registered as due to Pneumonia.

Poliomyelitis.

No cases were notified during the year. Vaccination against Poliomyelitis is available to everyone up to 40 years of age. Application forms are available at the Council Offices; at County Hall and at Health Centres and Welfare Clinics.

Tuberculosis.

6 cases were added to the Register (4 primary notifications and 2 cases moving into the district as transfers from other areas).

3 cases were removed from the Register - 2 patients having left the District and 1 who died from the disease.

The death rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis for the year is 0.05 per 1,000 of the home population (0.05 in 1964). The death rate for the Administrative County is 0.03.

The following table gives details of the number of cases on the Register.

Notification Register of Tubercular Patients - 1965.

	Pulmonary Cases			Non-Pulmonary Cases			Total Cases (All Forms)		
	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total
Cases on Register at 1st January 1965	39	35	74	5	7	12	44	42	86
Cases restored to Register in 1965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary Notifications received in 1965	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	4	4
Cases moved into area as transfers	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
TOTALS:	41	39	80	5	7	12	46	46	92
Cases removed from Register in 1965	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	2	3
Number on Register at 31st December, 1965.	40	37	77	5	8	12	45	44	89

The following table shows the number of cases added to the Register annually for the last ten years, together with details of the total cases on the Register during this period:-

Year	New Cases added to the Register			Total cases on Register at 31st December		
	Total	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary
1956	6	6	-	66	56	10
1957	4	4	-	62	54	8
1958	12	12	-	71	63	8
1959	8	8	-	76	68	8
1960	12	10	2	81	72	9
1961	8	6	2	79	68	11
1962	4	4	-	78	67	11
1963	7	7	-	84	73	11
1964	3	1	2	87	74	13
1965	4	4	-	89	77	12

Tuberculosis (Contd.)

No action was taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations 1925, or under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

Smallpox.

Smallpox vaccinations carried out in the district in children up to 15 years of age and recorded by the County Health Department were 222 primary vaccinations and 44 re-vaccinations.

Table showing Cases of Infectious Disease Notified during the Year 1965.

Disease	Cases Notified		Total Deaths	Age Distribution of Notified Cases							UK
	M	F		0-1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-15-	25-	
Scarlet Fever	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Whooping Cough	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Measles	141	168	309	—	2	15	24	34	39	158	28
Tuberculosis - respiratory	—	4	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Pneumonia	1	1	2	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Food Poisoning	16	28	44	—	—	1	2	—	2	4	2
TOTALS:	159	203	362	24	2	16	26	34	42	163	30
											10
											12
											7
											3
											17

No notifications were received of the undermentioned diseases:—

Puerperal Pyrexia
Meningococcal Infections
Malaria
Diphtheria
Relapsing Fever
Smallpox
Typhus Fever
Ophthalmia Neonatorum
Membranous Croup
Enteric Fevers
Encephalitis
Plague
Erysipelas

Infectious Disease Notifications 1956 - 1965

Disease	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Dysentery . . .	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Encephalitis . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enteric Fevers (Typhoid Paratyphoid)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning . . .	5	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	44	
Measles . . .	366	40	42	122	5	273	98	271	62	309
Meningococcal Infections	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Pneumonia . . .	5	10	2	11	-	12	-	9	1	2
Poliomyelitis (Paralytic Non-Paralytic)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever . . .	2	3	4	-	3	1	-	1	-	2
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary Non-Pulmonary)	2	2	6	4	8	3	2	7	1	4
Whooping Cough . . .	32	14	3	-	14	3	-	4	5	1



